

Identifying and correcting hazards before someone gets hurt ensures workers go home to their families safe and sound after every shift. The information below can be used as a starting point for finding and fixing hazards in your company.

Top Injury Sources

Maintenance and Reliability Support Activities

- ☐ Overexertion and bodily reaction
- ☐ Falls, slips, trips
- ☐ Contact with object, equipment
- ☐ Transportation incidents
- ☐ Exposure to harmful substances or environments

Source: BLS Data, 2015, NAICS codes 221112, 312111, 424720, 453998, 541330.

Top OSHA Citations

Maintenance and Reliability Support Activities

- ☐ Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution (1910.269)
- ☐ Hazard Communication (1910.1200)
- ☐ Respiratory Protection (1910.134)
- ☐ The control of hazardous energy (lockout/tagout) (1910.147)
- ☐ Powered Industrial Trucks (1910.178)

Source: OSHA Information System (OIS), 2015 NAICS codes 221112, 312111, 424720, 453998, 541330.

Resources on Controlling Hazards

The OSHA Safety and Health Topics site provides information and assistance to help employers comply with OSHA standards and ensure a safe workplace. Here are some resources for fixing hazards encountered in maintenance and reliability support activities:

Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution:

https://www.osha.gov/SLTC/etools/electric_power/



Hazard Communication:

<https://www.osha.gov/dsg/hazcom/index2.html>



Respiratory Protection:

<https://www.osha.gov/SLTC/respiratoryprotection/>



Control of Hazardous Energy:

<https://www.osha.gov/SLTC/controlhazardousenergy/>



Powered Industrial Trucks:

<https://www.osha.gov/SLTC/etools/pit/index.html>

